# LIST OF SAMPLE PROBLEMS (Molecular-scene problems are shown in color.)

#### Chapter 1

- 1.1 Visualizing Change on the Atomic Scale 6
- 1.2 Distinguishing Between Physical and Chemical Change 7
- 1.3 Converting Units of Length 20
- 1.4 Converting Units of Volume 21
- 1.5 Converting Units of Mass 21
- 1.6 Converting Units Raised to a Power 22
- 1.7 Calculating Density from Mass and Volume 24
- 1.8 Converting Units of Temperature 26
- 1.9 Determining the Number of Significant Figures 28
- 1.10 Significant Figures and Rounding 30

### **Chapter 2**

- 2.1 Distinguishing Elements, Compounds, and Mixtures at the Atomic Scale 43
- 2.2 Calculating the Mass of an Element in a Compound 46
- 2.3 Visualizing the Mass Laws 48
- 2.4 Determining the Number of Subatomic Particles in the Isotopes of an Element 54
- 2.5 Calculating the Atomic Mass of an Element 55
- 2.6 Identifying an Element from Its Z Value 60
- 2.7 Predicting the Ion an Element Forms 63
- 2.8 Naming Binary Ionic Compounds 66
- 2.9 Determining Formulas of Binary Ionic Compounds 67
- 2.10 Determining Names and Formulas of Ionic Compounds of Metals That Form More Than One Ion 68
- 2.11 Determining Names and Formulas of Ionic Compounds Containing Polyatomic Ions 69
- 2.12 Recognizing Incorrect Names and Formulas of Ionic Compounds 69
- 2.13 Determining Names and Formulas of Anions and Acids 70
- 2.14 Determining Names and Formulas of Binary Covalent Compounds 71
- 2.15 Recognizing Incorrect Names and Formulas of Binary Covalent Compounds 72
- 2.16 Calculating the Molecular Mass of a Compound 73
- 2.17 Using Molecular Depictions to Determine Formula, Name, and Mass 74

## **Chapter 3**

- 3.1 Converting Between Mass and Amount of an Element 94
- 3.2 Converting Between Number of Entities and Amount of an Element 95
- 3.3 Converting Between Number of Entities and Mass of an Element 95
- 3.4 Converting Between Number of Entities and Mass of a Compound I 96
- 3.5 Converting Between Number of Entities and Mass of a Compound II 97
- 3.6 Calculating the Mass Percent of Each Element in a Compound from the Formula 98
- 3.7 Calculating the Mass of an Element in a Compound 100
- 3.8 Determining an Empirical Formula from Amounts of Elements 101
- 3.9 Determining an Empirical Formula from Masses of Elements 102
- 3.10 Determining a Molecular Formula from Elemental Analysis and Molar Mass 103
- 3.11 Determining a Molecular Formula from Combustion Analysis 104
- 3.12 Balancing Chemical Equations 110
- 3.13 Balancing an Equation from a Molecular Scene 111
- 3.14 Calculating Quantities of Reactants and Products: Amount (mol) to Amount (mol) 114

- 3.15 Calculating Quantities of Reactants and Products: Amount (mol) to Mass (g) 114
- 3.16 Calculating Quantities of Reactants and Products: Mass to Mass 115
- 3.17 Writing an Overall Equation for a Reaction Sequence 116
- 3.18 Using Molecular Depictions in a Limiting-Reactant Problem 119
- 3.19 Calculating Quantities in a Limiting-Reactant Problem: Amount to Amount 120
- 3.20 Calculating Quantities in a Limiting-Reactant Problem: Mass to Mass 121
- 3.21 Calculating Percent Yield 123

### **Chapter 4**

- 4.1 Using Molecular Scenes to Depict an Ionic Compound in Aqueous Solution 142
- 4.2 Determining Amount (mol) of lons in Solution 143
- 4.3 Calculating the Molarity of a Solution 144
- 4.4 Calculating Mass of Solute in a Given Volume of Solution 145
- 4.5 Determining Amount (mol) of lons in a Solution 145
- 4.6 Preparing a Dilute Solution from a Concentrated Solution 147
- 4.7 Visualizing Changes in Concentration 148
- 4.8 Predicting Whether a Precipitation Reaction Occurs: Writing Ionic Equations 153
- 4.9 Using Molecular Depictions in Precipitation Reactions 154
- 4.10 Calculating Amounts of Reactants and Products in a Precipitation Reaction 156
- 4.11 Solving a Limiting-Reactant Problem for a Precipitation Reaction 157
- 4.12 Determining the Number of H<sup>+</sup> (or OH<sup>-</sup>) lons in Solution 160
- 4.13 Writing Ionic Equations for Acid-Base Reactions 161
- 4.14 Writing Proton-Transfer Equations for Acid-Base Reactions 165
- 4.15 Calculating the Amounts of Reactants and Products in an Acid-Base Reaction 165
- 4.16 Finding the Concentration of an Acid from a Titration 167
- 4.17 Determining the Oxidation Number of Each Element in a Compound (or Ion) 170
- 4.18 Identifying Redox Reactions and Oxidizing and Reducing Agents 171
- 4.19 Finding the Amount of Reducing Agent by Titration 173
- 4.20 Identifying the Type of Redox Reaction 180

### **Chapter 5**

- 5.1 Converting Units of Pressure 203
- 5.2 Applying the Volume-Pressure Relationship 211
- 5.3 Applying the Volume-Temperature and Pressure-Temperature Relationships 211
- 5.4 Applying the Volume-Amount and Pressure-Amount Relationships 212
- 5.5 Applying the Volume-Pressure-Temperature Relationship 213
- 5.6 Solving for an Unknown Gas Variable at Fixed Conditions 214
- 5.7 Using Gas Laws to Determine a Balanced Equation 214
- 5.8 Calculating Gas Density 216
- 5.9 Finding the Molar Mass of a Volatile Liquid 218
- 5.10 Applying Dalton's Law of Partial Pressures 220
- 5.11 Calculating the Amount of Gas Collected over Water 221
- 5.12 Using Gas Variables to Find Amounts of Reactants or Products I 222
- 5.13 Using Gas Variables to Find Amounts of Reactants or Products II 223
- 5.14 Applying Graham's Law of Effusion 230

### **Chapter 6**

- 6.1 Determining the Change in Internal Energy of a System 256
- 6.2 Calculating Pressure-Volume Work Done by or on a System 258
- 6.3 Drawing Enthalpy Diagrams and Determining the Sign of  $\Delta H$  260
- 6.4 Finding the Quantity of Heat from a Temperature Change 262
- 6.5 Determining the Specific Heat Capacity of a Solid 263
- 6.6 Determining the Enthalpy Change of an Aqueous Reaction 263
- 6.7 Calculating the Heat of a Combustion Reaction 265
- 6.8 Using the Enthalpy Change of a Reaction ( $\Delta H$ ) to Find the Amount of a Substance 267
- 6.9 Using Hess's Law to Calculate an Unknown  $\Delta H$  269
- 6.10 Writing Formation Equations 270
- 6.11 Calculating  $\Delta H_{rxn}^{\circ}$  from  $\Delta H_{f}^{\circ}$  Values 272

### **Chapter 7**

- 7.1 Interconverting Wavelength and Frequency 289
- 7.2 Interconverting Energy, Wavelength, and Frequency 293
- 7.3 Determining  $\Delta E$  and  $\lambda$  of an Electron Transition 298
- 7.4 Calculating the de Broglie Wavelength of an Electron 303
- 7.5 Applying the Uncertainty Principle 305
- 7.6 Determining Quantum Numbers for an Energy Level 309
- 7.7 Determining Sublevel Names and Orbital Quantum Numbers 310
- 7.8 Identifying Incorrect Quantum Numbers 310

### **Chapter 8**

- 8.1 Correlating Quantum Numbers and Orbital Diagrams 329
- 8.2 Determining Electron Configurations 335
- 8.3 Ranking Elements by Atomic Size 338
- 8.4 Ranking Elements by First Ionization Energy 341
- 8.5 Identifying an Element from Its Ionization Energies 342
- 8.6 Writing Electron Configurations of Main-Group lons 347
- 8.7 Writing Electron Configurations and Predicting Magnetic Behavior of Transition Metal Ions 350
- 8.8 Ranking lons by Size 351

### **Chapter 9**

- 9.1 Depicting Ion Formation 362
- 9.2 Predicting Relative Lattice Energy from Ionic Properties 366
- 9.3 Comparing Bond Length and Bond Strength 372
- 9.4 Using Bond Energies to Calculate  $\Delta H_{rxn}^{\circ}$  378
- 9.5 Determining Bond Polarity from EN Values 383

### Chapter 10

- 10.1 Writing Lewis Structures for Species with One Central Atom 397
- 10.2 Writing Lewis Structures for Molecules with More Than One Central Atom 398
- 10.3 Writing Lewis Structures for Molecules with Multiple Bonds 398
- 10.4 Writing Resonance Structures 400
- 10.5 Writing Lewis Structures for Octet-Rule Exceptions 405
- 10.6 Examining Shapes with Two, Three, or Four Electron Groups 414
- 10.7 Examining Shapes with Five or Six Electron Groups 414
- 10.8 Predicting Molecular Shapes with More Than One Central Atom 416
- 10.9 Predicting the Polarity of Molecules 418

### Chapter 11

- 11.1 Postulating Hybrid Orbitals in a Molecule 435
- 11.2 Describing the Types of Bonds in Molecules 438
- 11.3 Predicting Stability of Species Using MO Diagrams 442
- 11.4 Using MO Theory to Explain Bond Properties 446

# Chapter 12

- 12.1 Finding the Heat of a Phase Change Depicted by Molecular Scenes 461
- 12.2 Applying the Clausius-Clapeyron Equation 464
- 12.3 Using a Phase Diagram to Predict Phase Changes 467
- 12.4 Drawing Hydrogen Bonds Between Molecules of a Substance 471
- 12.5 Identifying the Types of Intermolecular Forces 473
- 12.6 Determining the Number of Particles per Unit Cell and the Coordination Number 480
- 12.7 Determining Atomic Radius 484
- 12.8 Determining Atomic Radius from the Unit Cell 485

### **Chapter 13**

- 13.1 Predicting Relative Solubilities 521
- 13.2 Calculating an Aqueous Ionic Heat of Solution 531
- 13.3 Using Henry's Law to Calculate Gas Solubility 536
- 13.4 Calculating Molality 537
- 13.5 Expressing Concentrations in Parts by Mass, Parts by Volume, and Mole Fraction 539
- 13.6 Interconverting Concentration Terms 540
- 13.7 Using Raoult's Law to Find  $\Delta P$  543
- 13.8 Determining Boiling and Freezing Points of a Solution 545
- 13.9 Determining Molar Mass from Osmotic Pressure 547
- 13.10 Depicting Strong Electrolyte Solutions 549

# Chapter 15

- 15.1 Drawing Hydrocarbons 621
- 15.2 Naming Alkanes, Alkenes, and Alkynes 630
- 15.3 Recognizing the Type of Organic Reaction 636
- 15.4 Predicting the Reactions of Alcohols, Alkyl Halides, and Amines 642
- 15.5 Predicting the Steps in a Reaction Sequence 645
- 15.6 Predicting Reactions of the Carboxylic Acid Family 649
- 15.7 Recognizing Functional Groups 651

## Chapter 16

- 16.1 Expressing Rate in Terms of Changes in Concentration with Time 681
- 16.2 Determining Reaction Orders from Rate Laws 685
- 16.3 Determining Reaction Orders and Rate Constants from Rate Data 689
- 16.4 Determining Reaction Orders from Molecular Scenes 690
- 16.5 Determining the Reactant Concentration after a Given Time 692
- 16.6 Using Molecular Scenes to Find Quantities at Various Times 696
- 16.7 Determining the Half-Life of a First-Order Reaction 697
- 16.8 Determining the Energy of Activation 702
- 16.9 Drawing Reaction Energy Diagrams and Transition States 705
- 16.10 Determining Molecularities and Rate Laws for Elementary Steps 707
- 16.11 Identifying Intermediates and Correlating Rate Laws and Reaction Mechanisms 710

### Chapter 17

- 17.1 Writing the Reaction Quotient from the Balanced Equation 736
- 17.2 Writing the Reaction Quotient and Finding K for an Overall Reaction 737
- 17.3 Finding the Equilibrium Constant for an Equation Multiplied by a Common Factor 739
- 17.4 Converting Between  $K_c$  and  $K_p$  741
- 17.5 Using Molecular Scenes to Determine Reaction Direction 743
- 17.6 Using Concentrations to Determine Reaction Direction 744

- 17.7 Calculating K<sub>c</sub> from Concentration Data 746
- 17.8 Determining Equilibrium Concentrations from  $K_c$  747
- 17.9 Determining Equilibrium Concentrations from Initial Concentrations and  $K_c$  748
- 17.10 Making a Simplifying Assumption to Calculate Equilibrium Concentrations 750
- 17.11 Predicting Reaction Direction and Calculating Equilibrium Concentrations 752
- 17.12 Predicting the Effect of a Change in Concentration on the Equilibrium Position 756
- 17.13 Predicting the Effect of a Change in Volume (Pressure) on the Equilibrium Position 758
- 17.14 Predicting the Effect of a Change in Temperature on the Equilibrium Position 760
- 17.15 Determining Equilibrium Parameters from Molecular Scenes 762

### Chapter 18

- 18.1 Classifying Acid and Base Strength from the Chemical Formula 782
- 18.2 Calculating  $[H_3O^+]$  or  $[OH^-]$  in Aqueous Solution 784
- 18.3 Calculating [H<sub>3</sub>O<sup>+</sup>], pH, [OH<sup>-</sup>], and pOH for Strong Acids and Bases 786
- 18.4 Identifying Conjugate Acid-Base Pairs 789
- 18.5 Predicting the Net Direction of an Acid-Base Reaction 790
- 18.6 Using Molecular Scenes to Predict the Net Direction of an Acid-Base Reaction 791
- 18.7 Finding K<sub>a</sub> of a Weak Acid from the Solution pH 793
- 18.8 Determining Concentration and pH from K<sub>a</sub> and Initial [HA] 794
- 18.9 Finding the Percent Dissociation of a Weak Acid 796
- 18.10 Calculating Equilibrium Concentrations for a Polyprotic Acid 798
- 18.11 Determining pH from K<sub>b</sub> and Initial [B] 803
- 18.12 Determining the pH of a Solution of A- 805
- 18.13 Predicting Relative Acidity of Salt Solutions from Reactions of the lons with Water 808
- 18.14 Predicting the Relative Acidity of a Salt Solution from  $K_{\rm a}$  and  $K_{\rm b}$  of the lons 810
- 18.15 Identifying Lewis Acids and Bases 813

### Chapter 19

- 19.1 Calculating the Effect of Added  $H_3O^+$  or  $OH^-$  on Buffer pH 830
- 19.2 Using Molecular Scenes to Examine Buffers 834
- 19.3 Preparing a Buffer 835
- 19.4 Finding the pH During a Weak Acid–Strong Base Titration 842
- 19.5 Writing Ion-Product Expressions 847
- 19.6 Determining K<sub>sp</sub> from Solubility 848
- 19.7 Determining Solubility from K<sub>sp</sub> 849
- 19.8 Calculating the Effect of a Common Ion on Solubility 851
- 19.9 Predicting the Effect on Solubility of Adding Strong Acid 852
- 19.10 Predicting Whether a Precipitate Will Form 854
- 19.11 Using Molecular Scenes to Predict Whether a Precipitate Will Form 854
- 19.12 Separating lons by Selective Precipitation 856
- 19.13 Calculating the Concentration of a Complex Ion 860
- 19.14 Calculating the Effect of Complex-Ion Formation on Solubility 862

### **Chapter 20**

- 20.1 Predicting Relative Entropy Values 887
- 20.2 Calculating the Standard Entropy of Reaction,  $\Delta S_{rxn}^{\circ}$  889
- 20.3 Determining Reaction Spontaneity 890
- 20.4 Calculating  $\Delta G_{rxn}^{\circ}$  from Enthalpy and Entropy Values 894
- 20.5 Calculating  $\Delta G_{rxn}^{\circ}$  from  $\Delta G_{f}^{\circ}$  Values 896
- 20.6 Using Molecular Scenes to Determine the Signs of  $\Delta H, \Delta S$ , and  $\Delta G$  898
- 20.7 Determining the Effect of Temperature on  $\Delta G$  899
- 20.8 Finding the Temperature at Which a Reaction Becomes Spontaneous 900
- 20.9 Exploring the Relationship Between  $\Delta G^{\circ}$  and K 904
- 20.10 Using Molecular Scenes to Find  $\Delta G$  for a Reaction at Nonstandard Conditions 905
- 20.11 Calculating  $\Delta G$  at Nonstandard Conditions 907

### Chapter 21

- 21.1 Balancing a Redox Reaction in Basic Solution 922
- 21.2 Describing a Voltaic Cell with Diagram and Notation 928
- 21.3 Using  $E_{half-cell}^{\circ}$  to Find  $E_{cell}^{\circ}$  931
- 21.4 Calculating an Unknown  $E_{half-cell}^{\circ}$  from  $E_{cell}^{\circ}$  933
- 21.5 Writing Spontaneous Redox Reactions and Ranking Oxidizing and Reducing Agents by Strength 936
- 21.6 Calculating  $\tilde{K}$  and  $\Delta G^{\circ}$  from  $E_{cell}^{\circ}$  940
- 21.7 Using the Nernst Equation to Calculate  $E_{cell}$  942
- 21.8 Calculating the Potential of a Concentration Cell 945
- 21.9 Predicting the Electrolysis Products of a Molten Salt Mixture 956
- 21.10 Predicting the Electrolysis Products of Aqueous Salt Solutions 958
- 21.11 Applying the Relationship Among Current, Time, and Amount of Substance 960

## Chapter 23

- 23.1 Writing Electron Configurations of Transition Metal Atoms and Ions 1020
- 23.2 Finding the Number of Unpaired Electrons 1025
- 23.3 Finding the Coordination Number and Charge of the Central Metal Ion in a Coordination Compound 1029
- 23.4 Writing Names and Formulas of Coordination Compounds 1030
- 23.5 Determining the Type of Stereoisomerism 1034
- 23.6 Ranking Crystal Field Splitting Energies ( $\Delta$ ) for Complex lons of a Metal 1040
- 23.7 Identifying High-Spin and Low-Spin Complex Ions 1041

# Chapter 24

- 24.1 Writing Equations for Nuclear Reactions 1058
- 24.2 Predicting Nuclear Stability 1060
- 24.3 Predicting the Mode of Nuclear Decay 1061
- 24.4 Calculating the Specific Activity and the Decay Constant of a Radionuclide 1064
- 24.5 Finding the Number of Radioactive Nuclei 1066
- 24.6 Applying Radiocarbon Dating 1069
- 24.7 Calculating the Binding Energy per Nucleon 1083