Lesson 8-2

Example 1 Solve Two-Step Equations Solve 2x + 2 = 6.

Method 1 Use a model.

Remove 2 tiles from the mat. Equality.

Method 2 Use symbols. Use the Subtraction Property of

 $x = \frac{11}{2x+2} = \frac{11}{6} 2x + 2 = 6$ Write the equation. -2 -2Subtract 2 from each side. 2x= 4



$\frac{2x}{2} = \frac{4}{2}$	Divide each side by 2.
<i>x</i> = 2	Simplify.

Separate the remaining tiles into

2 equal groups.

$$\begin{array}{c}
x & 11 \\
\hline x & 11 \\
2x & 4
\end{array}$$

There are 2 tiles in each group. The solution is 2.

Example 2 Solve Two-Step Equations

Solve
$$-3 = \frac{1}{2}m + 5$$
.

 $-3 = \frac{1}{2}m + 5$ Write the equation. $-3 - 5 = \frac{1}{2}m + 5 - 5$ Subtract 5 from each side. $-8 = \frac{1}{2}m$ Simplify. $2(-8) = 2 \cdot \frac{1}{2}m$ Multiply each side by 2. -16 = mSimplify. The solution is -16. Check this solution.

Example 3 Equations with Negative Coefficients Solve 6 - 4x = 46.

6 - 4x = 46	Write the equation.
6 + (-4x) = 46	Definition of subtraction
6 - 6 + (-4x) = 46 - 6	Subtract 6 from each side.
-4x = 40	Simplify.
$\frac{-4x}{-4} = \frac{40}{-4}$	Divide each side by -4.
x = -10	Simplify.
The solution is -10 .	Check this solution.

Example 4 Combine Like Terms First Solve -4y + y - 3 = 15. Check your solution.

-4y + y - 3 = 15	Write the equation.
-4y + 1y - 3 = 15	Identity Property; $y = 1y$
-3y - 3 = 15	Combine like terms; $-4y + 1y = (-4 + 1)y$ or $-3y$.
-3y - 3 + 3 = 15 + 3	Add 3 to each side.
-3y = 18	Simplify.
$\frac{-3y}{-3} = \frac{18}{-3}$	Divide each side by -3.
y = -6	Simplify.

Check	4y + y - 3 = 15	Write the equation.
	-4(-6) + (-6) - 3 = 15	Replace y with –6.
	$24 + (-6) - 3 \stackrel{?}{=} 15$	Multiply.
	$15 = 15 \checkmark$	The statement is true.

The solution is –6.